

## **2 Year M. Sc. Program in Physics** (w.e.f. Academic Session 2019-2020)

### **OUTLINE SYLLABUS**

#### **FIRST SEMESTER**

##### **Classical Mechanics 19M21PH111**

**(Contact hour: 3-1-0, Credit: 04)**

Newton's Laws, Dynamical Systems, Stability Analysis, Phase-space Dynamics, Lagrangian Dynamics, Variational Calculus and Principle of Least Action, Two Body Central Force Problem, Scattering Problem: elastic scattering, scattering cross section, centre of mass and laboratory frames, Rutherford scattering, Rigid Body Dynamics, Hamiltonian formulations, Small Oscillations, Special theory of relativity: Internal frames, Principle and postulate of relativity, Lorentz transformations, Four- vector notation, Energy-momentum four-vector for a particle, Relativistic invariance of physical laws, Minkowski space.

##### **Mathematical Physics 19M21PH112**

**(Contact hour: 3-1-0, Credit: 04)**

Complex Analysis, continuity and differentiability of complex functions, complex integration, Cauchy integral theorem, Taylor and Lorentz Series, Matrices and Tensor Analysis, Eigen values and eigen vectors, coordinate transformation, Contravariant, covariant and mixed tensors, Kronecker delta, Tensor of higher rank, symmetric and skew-symmetric tensors, Differential Equations and Special functions, Bessel's equation and solutions, Legendre, associated Legendre, Green's Function and its applications, Calculus of variation and Integral Equations, Fourier Series and Transforms, simple problems and applications, Laplace Transforms, simple problems and applications, Group theory, Subgroups, Normal Subgroups, Quotient Groups, Isomorphism Theorems, Simple Groups, Jordan Holder Theorems, Sylow Theorems and applications, group actions, symmetric and permutation groups, linear groups, Probability Theory, Random variable, Binomial, Poisson, and normal distribution, and central limit theorem.

##### **Quantum Mechanics 19M21PH113**

**(Contact hour: 3-1-0, Credit: 04)**

Inadequacy of classical Physics and advent of quantum physics, Schrodinger wave equations and probability interpretation, Simple potential problems—wells, tunneling through a barrier and harmonic oscillator, vector space, inner product, Hilbert-space, eigen values and eigen vectors, Postulates of quantum mechanics, Angular Momentum Algebra, Spherically Symmetric potentials, the hydrogen Atom and hydrogen like systems, Evolution of quantum systems with time, Approximation Techniques, Time-independent perturbation theory (degenerate and non-degenerate) and applications (Stark effect, Zeeman effect, Spin-orbit coupling, fine structure and anharmonic oscillator), Vibrational method and WKB approximations and their applications to 2 electron systems.

##### **Electronics 19M21PH114**

**(Contact hour: 3-1-0, Credit: 04)**

Network theorems, p-n diode, Limiters, clippers, clampers, voltage multipliers, half wave & full wave rectification, Zener diode, Varactor diode. BJT, MOSFET, Amplifier, Feedback & Oscillator Circuits, basic feedback topologies multivibrators, OP-AMP, Inverting & Non Inverting Amplifier, Op-Amp applications, Digital electronics, logical gates, Boolean

algebra- De-Morgans Laws, Karnaugh maps, adders, multiplexer, Flip-Flops, A/D and D/A converters, Reversible gates and circuits.

**Laboratory-1 19M25PH111**

**(Contact hour: 0-0-8, Credit: 04)**

**Introduction:** Data interpretation, and analysis, precision and accuracy, error analysis, LSF, Linear and non-linear fitting, Chi-square Test.

1. Wavelength measurement of Na-source using Michelson interferometer.
2. Determination of coherence & width of spectral lines using Michelson interferometer
3. To determine the wavelengths of Balmer series in the visible region from hydrogen emission and to determine the Rydberg constant
4. Measurement of critical potential using Franck-Hertz tube.
5. To observe the Zeeman splitting of the green mercury line using Fabry-Perot etalon for normal transverse and longitudinal configuration.
6. Determination of band gap of semiconductor from temperature dependence of Resistivity using Four Probe Method
7. To study B-H loop for a given sample by CRO
8. Study of Dielectric constant and determination of Curie temperature of ferroelectric ceramics
9. Study of Hall Effect and determination of allied coefficients
10. Study of magneto resistance of given semiconductor material
11. Study of Magnetostriction using Michelson Interferometer
12. Study of electron spin resonance and determination of line width, electron spin, magnetic moment of an electron and electron g factor.

## **SECOND SEMESTER**

### **Classical Electrodynamics 19M21PH115**

**(Contact hour: 3-1-0, Credit: 04)**

Introduction of coordinate systems, Dirac Delta function, Gauss's law, Laplace and Poisson equations, Method of Images, Boundary value problems, multipole expansion and Dielectrics, Magnetostatics, Magnetic vector potential, multipole expansion of the vector potential and magnetic field in matter, time-varying fields, Electromagnetic induction, Continuity equation, Maxwell's equations, Poynting theorem, Gauge transformations, gauge invariance, Electromagnetic waves in free space, dielectrics and conductors, Fresnel's equations, Transmission lines and wave guides, Retarded potentials, Lienard-Wiechert Potentials, fields due to a Point charge moving with constant velocity, Fields due to accelerated point charge, Four-vector and Lorentz transformation in four dimensional space; Lorentz invariants of electromagnetic fields; Transformation of electric and magnetic field vectors.

### **Atomic, Molecular and Laser Physics 19M21PH116**

**(Contact hour: 3-1-0, Credit: 04)**

Hydrogen spectrum, many electron systems, interaction energy in L-S and J-J coupling, Hartree-Fock approximation, Perturbations, Spectra of many electron systems, the influence of external fields on many electron system, Normal and anomalous Zeeman effect, Radiative transitions, Oscillator strengths, Molecular Electronic States, Born-Oppenheimer approximation, States for hydrogen molecule and molecular ion ( $H_2$ ,  $H_2^+$ ), Coulomb, Exchange and Overlap integral, Symmetries of electronic wavefunctions, Shapes of molecular orbital, Term symbol for simple molecules, Molecular spectra, Rotation spectra, vibration spectra, electronic spectra, Frank Condon principle, Raman spectra, X-ray emission spectra, ESR, NMR, Introduction to Laser and Maser, Einstein transition probabilities, Optical Pumping, Population Inversion, Ruby and He-Ne Laser.

### **Statistical Physics 19M21PH117**

**(Contact hour: 3-1-0, Credit: 04)**

Thermodynamical Parameters and Maxwell's relations, phase space and ensembles, Entropy of ideal gas, Gibbs' paradox, First and Second order transitions, Classical statistical mechanics microcanonical, canonical, and grand canonical ensembles, partition functions, quantum mechanical ensemble theory, statistics of various quantum mechanical ensembles, Maxwell-Boltzmann, Bose-Einstein, Fermi-Dirac distributions, Ideal Bose and Fermi gases, Bose-Einstein condensation thermodynamic behavior of an ideal Fermi gas, the electron gas, theory of white dwarf stars; Pauli paramagnetism, Einstein and Lengevin theory of Brownian motion. Mean kinetic energy of a molecule in a gas, Harmonic Oscillator, Specific heat of solid, Ising model-partition function, Saha ionization equation.

### **Condensed Matter Physics 19M21PH118**

**(Contact hour: 3-1-0, Credit: 04)**

Crystal Physics, Types of lattices, Miller indices, simple crystal structures, Crystal diffraction, Bragg's law, Reciprocal lattice, Structure factor, Lattice Dynamics, Debye's theory of lattice heat capacity, Einstein's model and Debye's model of specific heat, thermal expansion, Thermal conductivity, band theory of solids, Kronig-Penny model, Semiconductors, Intrinsic carrier concentration, Mobility, Impurity conductivity, Fermi surfaces and construction, Super conductivity, Meissner effect, Entropy and heat capacity, Energy gap, Microwave and infrared properties, Type I and II superconductors, London equation, Elementary BCS Theory.

## **Laboratory-2 19M25PH112**

**(Contact hour: 0-0-8, Credit: 04)**

**Introduction:** Characteristics of all semiconductor diodes, transistor characteristics.

1. To assemble a two stage common emitter RC coupled amplifier and to measure the gain as a function of frequency and hence find the gain band width
2. Design and realize Inverting and Non-inverting amplifier using 741 Op-amp.
3. To design and test the performance of an integrator using 741 OP AMP
4. To study and calculate the frequency of oscillations of Colpitts oscillator.
5. To study and calculate frequency of oscillations of OP-AMP based Hartley Oscillator.
6. Design of an RC Phase Shift Oscillator (Using IC 741 OP AMP) and calculation of its frequency of oscillation.
7. To design and set up (a) half adder & half subtractor and (b) full adder & full subtractor using NAND gate.
8. To study the single stage amplifiers; using BJT in common emitter (CE) configuration and to learn its application as a small signal amplification.
9. To use the operational amplifier as filters of different frequency range.
10. Design and study of regulated power supply.
11. FET and MOSFET characteristics and its applications as amplifier.

Besides above experiments, students will be trained in mechanical workshop. (Training on lathe and grinding, drilling and threading etc.)

## **THIRD SEMESTER**

### **Nuclear and Particle Physics 19M21PH211**

**(Contact hour: 3-1-0, Credit: 04)**

Nuclear Constituents and their properties, Nuclear Models, Liquid drop model: Weizsacker's Semi-empirical mass formula, Bohr-Wheeler theory of fission, Spin-orbit coupling, Magic numbers, Angular momenta and parities of nuclear ground state, Magnetic moments and Schmidt lines, Collective model of a nucleus, Nuclear Forces, Yukawa potential, Nuclear reactions, Centre of mass frame in nuclear Physics, Nuclear decay, : Alpha decay, Beta decay, Fermi's theory- Fermi-Kurie Plot, Decay rates, Gamma decay, Angular correlation in successive gamma emissions, Particle physics, elementary particle, quantum numbers, Symmetry and conservation laws, Elementary ideas of CP and CPT invariance, Classification of Hadrons, Quark model, Gell-mann, Okubo mass formula for octet and decuplet Hadrons, Weak interactions.

### **Advanced Quantum Mechanics 19M21PH212**

**(Contact hour: 3-1-0, Credit: 04)**

Time dependent perturbation theory, Fermi's golden rule, Pauli exclusion principle, spin-statistics connection, Identical Particles, space and spin wave functions, consequences of particle statistics, ideal quantum gases, Bose-Einstein condensation in atomic gases, Non-relativistic Scattering Theory, scattering by central potential, phase-shift analysis, optical theorem, scattering by a square well potential, the Born approximation, Relativistic Quantum Mechanics, Klein-Gordon equation Dirac equation, physical implementation and applications, Basic ideas of quantum field theory and quantum electrodynamics, Some applications of quantum mechanics, Semiconductor, quantum devices (e.g. random number generator), quantum communications.

### **Numerical Techniques and Computer Programming 19M21PH213**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Fundamentals of Programming, high/low level languages, compilation and linking, Basic data types, Arithmetic operators, Elementary introduction to header files, printf, scanf and getch functions of Turbo C/C++, Looping, One and two dimensional arrays of various data types, Operations involving matrices and vectors, String of characters and related library functions, Functions and arrays, Structures, array of structures, unions and enumerations, Command line arguments. Dynamical memory allocation, Plotting simple geometric figures, Simple C programs covering some elementary topics in numerical analysis such as Newton-Raphson method, interpolation, numerical differentiation and integration, numerical linear algebra, Euler and Runge-Kutta methods, Basic ideas of parallel computing and introduction to the software popularly used in Physics (e.g, Mathematica and Matlab).

### **Special Paper-1 (Condensed Matter Physics)**

#### **Advanced Condensed Matter Physics-1 19M21PH214**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Basic concepts of dia-, para-, ferro- and antiferromagnetic materials, Curie paramagnets and Curie-Weiss ferromagnets, Neel Antiferromagnets, Heisenberg model, Elements of magnetic properties of metals, Landau diamagnetism, Pauli paramagnetism, transport properties of materials, Electronic conduction in metals, Thermoelectric effects, Transport phenomena in magnetic field, Hall effect and Quantum Hall effect, Order parameter, First and second order phase transitions, Landau theory, Bragg-Williams theory, Cooper pairing and BCS theory; Ginzburg-Landau theory; Flux quantization; Super current tunneling; DC and AC Josephson effects; High-Tc superconductors.

## **Special Paper-1 (Applied Optics)**

### **Optoelectronics 19M21PH215**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Light propagation through anisotropic media, Electro optic effect and electro optic modulators and switches, Liquid crystal devices and spatial light modulators, Acoustooptic effect, acousto optic tunable filter, acousto optic deflector, scanner and spectrum analyser, Basics of nonlinear optical effects, Second harmonic generation, phase matching, quasi phase matching, Sum and difference frequency generation, parametric amplification and parametric oscillation, spontaneous parametric down conversion. Third order nonlinear optical effects, Self phasemodulation and soliton formation, Cross phase modulation and four wave mixing, Stimulated Raman and Brillouin scattering, Electro optic, photorefractive and acousto optic effects and their applications, Ultrafast and intense field nonlinear optics and nonlinear optics with weak field (quantum nonlinear optics). Special topics

## **DEPARTMENTAL ELECTIVES**

### **Laser and Applications 20M22PH211**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Review of Laser theory, properties of laser radiation, and laser safety; CW lasers systems: Ruby-, Nd:YAG- and Nd:Glass lasers, DPSS lasers, fiber lasers, gas lasers, Pulsed lasers: ns, ps, and fs lasers, excimer-, dye-, X-ray and free-electron lasers; Semiconductor lasers: DH, QW, QCL, VCSEL, DFB and DBR lasers; Application of lasers in data storage, communication and information technology; Laser applications in optical metrology; Surface profile and dimensional measurements; Laser Applications in material processing and manufacturing; 3D-printing, marking, drilling, cutting, welding, hardening and manufacturing; Laser Doppler velocimetry, LIDAR, laser spectroscopy, LIF, LIBS, Bio-medical applications of lasers, Laser tweezers and applications, laser applications in defense.

### **Quantum Optics 20M22PH212**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Quantization of the EM field, Coherent state and P-function, Quantum states of light (squeezed state, antibunched state, entangled states, etc.), correlation functions, Detection of quantum light and techniques, coincidence-counting, phase-sensitive detection, quantum treatment of linear optics, Quantum light by non-linear optical processes, SPDC, signatures of quantum behaviour, Landmark experiments in quantum optics, Applications: Laser cooling and BEC, Ion trapping, CPT, EIT, slow light, Introduction to quantum communication.

### **Semiconductor and Electronic Devices 20M22PH213**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Bonding forces and energy bands in solids, charge carriers in semiconductors, carrier concentrations, Fermi level, optical absorption, Carrier lifetime and diffusion of carriers, fabrication of p-n junctions, equilibrium conditions, steady state conditions, reverse bias breakdown, recombination and generation in the transition region, metal semiconductor junctions, Field effect transistor (FET), Metal-insulator-semiconductor FET, MOS FET, photodiodes, solar cell, light emitting diodes, lasers, semiconductor lasers, Negative conductance Microwave devices: IMPATT diode, Gunn diode.

### **Quantum Field Theory 20M22PH214**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Quantization of scalar fields and Dirac fields; S-matrix expansion, Wick expansion and Feynman diagram, discrete symmetries; gauge symmetries and symmetry breaking; QED; Elementary processes; higher order effects; renormalization; novel effects of QED.

### Laboratory-3

#### Laboratory-3 (Solid State Physics) 19M25PH211

(Contact hour: 0-0-8, Credit: 04)

1. Structural determination of given samples ( $\text{BaTiO}_3$ ,  $\text{CoFe}_2\text{O}_4$ , ZnO etc) by X-ray diffraction technique.
2. Determination of structural parameters (lattice parameters, crystallite size etc) of given samples from XRD data.
3. Temperature dependent dielectric measurements of given sample and their analysis.
4. Frequency dependent dielectric measurements of given sample and their analysis.
5. To measure the coercive field ( $E_c$ ), Remanent Polarization ( $P_r$ ), and Spontaneous Polarization ( $P_s$ ) of Barium Titanate ( $\text{BaTiO}_3$ ) sample.
6. Determination of optical band gap of prepared given sample by UV-Vis spectroscopy.
7. Analysis of various bonding in given samples by Infrared spectroscopy.
8. To study the temperature dependence of Hall coefficient of N and P type semiconductors.
9. Electrical resistivity of high resistive material as a function of temperature using DC four probe method.
10. Determination of coefficient of linear thermal expansion of polymer as a function of temperature.
11. To study C-V characteristics of various solid state devices & materials. (like p-n junctions and ferroelectric capacitors)

#### Laboratory-3 (Applied Optics) 19M25PH212

(Contact hour: 0-0-8, Credit: 04)

1. Determination of size of Nano materials by uv-vis absorption spectrophotometer.
2. Determination of optical band gap ( $\Delta\varepsilon$ ) of materials by uv-vis emission spectrophotometer.
3. Determination of optical band gap ( $\Delta\varepsilon$ ) of materials by uv-vis absorption spectrophotometer.
4. Determination of various nonlinear optical coefficients (first and second order hyperpolarizabilities) by FTIR spectrometry.
5. To measure the power loss at a splice between two multimode fibers and study the variation of splice loss with transverse and longitudinal offsets.
6. To couple the light from an optical source into the optical fiber and to measure its Numerical aperture (NA).
7. To determine the mode field diameter (MFD) of the fundamental mode in given singlemode fiber (SMF) by a measurement of its far field.
8. Measurement of laser parameters using He-Ne laser.
9. Determination of optical absorption coefficient and determination of refractive index of the liquids using He-Ne laser.
10. Biasing characteristics of a Laser diode and spectral characterization using an Optical Spectrum Analyzer.

## **FOURTH SEMESTER**

### **Special Paper-2 (Condensed Matter Physics)**

#### **Advanced Condensed Matter Physics-2 19M21PH216**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Mechanism of plastic deformation, origin of defects, points, line and plane defects, screw and edge dislocations, dislocation in fcc, hcp and bcc lattices, stress needed to operate Frank Read sources, electrical conductivity of thin films, Boltzmann transport equation for thin films, elementary concept of surface crystallography, scanning, tunneling and atomic microscopy.

### **Special Paper-2 (Applied Optics)**

#### **Fiber Optics 19M21PH217**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Rays and ray paths in optical fibers; Numerical aperture; Step index and graded index fibers; Attenuation in optical fibers; Modal analysis of symmetric planar waveguides; TE and TM modes, mode cut off, power flow: Linearly polarized (LP) modes in stepindexoptical fibers; Mode cutoff, single mode operation; Mode field diameter in single mode fibers, LP modes of infinitely extended parabolic medium, Intermodal dispersion in multimode fibers;, Optimum profile fibers; Dispersion and chirping of pulses in single mode fibers, Dispersion compensation and dispersion tailoring; Birefringence in optical fibers, Polarization mode dispersion; Specialty fibers: Birefringent fibers, Photonic crystal fibers; Erbium doped fiber amplifiers and lasers; Fiber optic components: fiber Bragg gratings, directional couplers; Fiber fabrication and characterization techniques; OTDR, connectors and splices.

## **DEPARTMENTAL ELECTIVES**

#### **Introduction to Nanoscience 20M22PH215**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanomaterials, Dimensionality Effects, Properties of Metallic, Semiconducting and Magnetic Nanomaterials, Carbon as Special Nanomaterial, Synthesis of Nanomaterials, Nucleation and Growth of thin films, Characterization and Applications of Nanomaterials.

#### **Design and Fabrication of Solar Cells 20M22PH216**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Energy issues, conventional and Renewable energy sources, Solar Energy and Photovoltaics, fundamental of semiconductors, p-n junction diode, solar cell characteristics, Quantum Efficiency, losses in solar cell, solar cell design, design for high  $I_{sc}$ ,  $V_{oc}$ , FF, solar simulators, solar cell technologies: production of Si, Si wafer based and thin film solar cells (Crystalline solar cells, II-VI and III-V compound solar cells (GaAs), CdTe, CuInSe<sub>2</sub>, Amorphous Si, Thin Film Si), emerging solar cell technologies and concepts (DSC), solar photovoltaic modules, balance of system (BOS), design of photovoltaic system

#### **Characterization of Solids 20M22PH217**

**(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Structure and Microstructure analysis by X-ray, SEM and TEM; Composition analysis by EDX and WDX; Molecular structure by Fourier transform IR (FTIR) and Raman spectroscopy; Electronic structure by Photoelectron Spectroscopy and X-ray absorption techniques; Surface morphology and structure by SPM, thermal analysis by TGA,DTA,DSC.



**Thin Film Deposition Techniques 20M22PH218****(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Kinetic Theory of gases, gas transport and pumping, Vacuum pumps and vacuum systems, Physical and chemical vapor deposition of thin films techniques: e-beam, ion beam and pulsed laser evaporation, dc and ac (rf) sputtering, magnetron sputtering, hybrid and modified PVD, thermal CVD, Laser and plasma enhanced CVD, Lab session for thin film processing, Thermodynamics of nucleation-surface energies, kinetic processes in nucleation and growth, lattice misfit and defects in epitaxial films, epitaxy of compound semiconductors, Resistive components, Capacitor, Active devices, Micro-electronics, integrated circuits and other applications.

**Plasma Physics 20M22PH219****(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Introduction to Plasmas, Debye Shielding, Plasma Parameters, Dielectric Constant of Plasma and Collisions, Production of Plasmas in Laboratory, Drifts of Charged Particles under Effect of Different Combinations of Electric and Magnetic Fields, Mirror Machine, Plasma Oscillations, Space Charge Waves of Warm Plasma, Ion-Acoustic Waves and Electromagnetic Waves in Magnetized Plasma, Decay of Plasma by Diffusion, Diffusion across a Magnetic Field, Single Fluid MHD Equations, Alfvén Waves, Diffusion in fully Ionized Plasmas, Plasma Instabilities, Non Linear Landau Damping, Magnetic and Inertial Confinement Fusion Schemes, ICF and ITER.

**Optical and Quantum Computing 20M22PH220****(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Basic ideas of information theory and complexity classes; bits and qubits; limitations of traditional semiconductor-based computers and different alternative strategies; Optical realization of classical computing devices, non-locality and entanglement: their generation and characterization; linear and nonlinear optical components used in computing; quantum gates and circuits and how to implement a quantum/classical gate using linear and nonlinear optical devices; teleportation, superdense coding, quantum algorithms; quantum cryptography; quantum error correction; practical quantum computers.

**Integrated Optics 20M22PH221****(Contact hour: 3-0-0, Credit: 03)**

Guided TE and TM Modes of Symmetric and anti-symmetric Planar waveguides: Step index and graded-index waveguides. Strip and channel waveguides, anisotropic waveguides, Marcattili's Method, Effective-Index method and perturbation method of analysis. Directional couplers, Coupled mode analysis of uniform and reverse delta-beta couplers. Applications as power splitters, Y-junction, optical switch; phase and amplitude modulators, filters, A/D converters, Y-splitters, Mode splitters, polarization splitters; Mach-Zehnder interferometer-based devices, Acousto-optic waveguide devices. Arrayed waveguide devices, Nano-photonics-devices: Metal/dielectric plasmon waveguides, Long and short range surface Plasmon modes supported by thin metal films, applications in waveguide polarizers and bio-sensing. Fabrication of integrated optical waveguides and devices, Waveguide characterization, end-fire and prism coupling; grating and tapered couplers, Fiber pigtail, Nonlinear effects in integrated optical waveguides.

**Dissertation****(Contact hour: 0-0-20, Credit: 10)**